Think not lightly of good, saying, "It will not come to me."

Drop by drop is the water pot filled.

Likewise, the wise one, gathering it little by little, fills oneself with good.

Dhammapada 9.122
Hardwiring Happiness: Weaving Love and Inner Peace Into Your Brain and Your Life

Insight Meditation Community Of Washington, D.C.
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Topics

- Grounding the mind in life
- Self-directed neuroplasticity
- Growing inner strengths

- The evolving brain
- The negativity bias

- Taking in the good
- Self-compassion
- Healing old pain
- Cultivation and craving
Grounding the Mind in Life
The Natural Mind

Apart from the hypothetical influence of a transcendental X factor . . .

Awareness and unconsciousness, mindfulness and delusion, and happiness and suffering must be natural processes.

Mind is grounded in life.
Naturalizing the Dharma

To “naturalize” something is to place it in the frame of the natural world, to operationalize it in natural terms.

Buddhist practice engages the mental causes of suffering and its end. What could be the natural, neurobiological (NB) causes of those causes?

What could be a NB operationalization of dukkha, tanha, nirodha, sila, samadhi, panna, and bhavana?

It is ironic that a practice that is so much about coming into the body can be reluctant to engage the full implications of what embodiment in life means.
"We ask, 'What is a thought?'

We don't know,

yet we are thinking continually."

Venerable Ani Tenzin Palmo
Self-Directed Neuroplasticity
All cells have specialized functions. Brain cells have particular ways of processing information and communicating with each other. Nerve cells form complete circuits that carry and transform information.

Electrical signaling represents the language of mind, the means whereby nerve cells, the building blocks of the brain, communicate with one another over great distances. Nerve cells generate electricity as a means of producing messages.

All animals have some form of mental life that reflects the architecture of their nervous system.

Eric R. Kandel, 2006
Mental activity entails underlying neural activity.
“Ardent, Resolute, Diligent, and Mindful”
Repeated mental activity entails repeated neural activity.

Repeated neural activity builds neural structure.
Neurons that fire together, wire together.
States are temporary, traits are enduring.

Activated mental states are the basis for installed neural traits.

Positive traits foster positive states.

Activated states --> Installed traits --> Reactivated states --> Reinforced traits
The Opportunity

We can use the mind
To change the brain
To change the mind for the better
To benefit ourselves and other beings.
If one going down into a river, swollen and swiftly flowing, is carried away by the current -- how can one help others across?

The Buddha
The root of compassion is compassion for oneself.

Pema Chodron
Wishing Yourself Well

Compassion is the wish that a being not suffer, combined with sympathetic concern. Self-compassion simply applies that to oneself. It is not self-pity, complaining, or wallowing in pain.

Studies show that self-compassion buffers stress and increases resilience and self-worth.

But self-compassion is hard for many people, due to feelings of unworthiness, self-criticism, or “internalized oppression.” To encourage the neural substrates of self-compassion:

- Get the sense of being cared about by someone else.
- Bring to mind someone you naturally feel compassion for
- Sink into the experience of compassion in your body
- Then shift the compassion to yourself, perhaps with phrases like: “May I not suffer. May the pain of this moment pass.”
“Anthem”

Ring the bells that still can ring
Forget your perfect offering
There is a crack in everything
That’s how the light gets in
That’s how the light gets in

Leonard Cohen
Growing Inner Strengths
Two wolves in the heart
Inner Strengths Include

- **Virtues** (e.g., patience, energy, generosity, restraint)
- **Executive functions** (e.g., meta-cognition)
- **Attitudes** (e.g., optimism, openness, confidence)
- **Capabilities** (e.g., mindfulness, emotional intelligence, resilience)
- **Positive emotions** (e.g., gratitude, self-compassion)
- **Approach orientation** (e.g., curiosity, exploration)
### Some Major Buddhist States/Traits

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<th>Mindfulness</th>
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<th>View</th>
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<td>Equanimity</td>
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Inner Strengths Are Built From Brain Structure
There’s a place for negative emotions:
- Anxiety alerts us to inner and outer threats.
- Sorrow opens the heart.
- Remorse helps us steer a virtuous course.
- Anger highlights mistreatment; energizes us to handle it.

Negative experiences can:
- Increase tolerance for stress, emotional pain
- Build grit, resilience, confidence
- Increase compassion for others

But negative experiences produce gain at the cost of pain and stress - with usually no gain at all.
The Causes of Inner Strengths

How do we build the neural traits of inner strengths?

Inner strengths are built mainly from positive experiences.

You develop mindfulness by repeatedly being mindful; you develop compassion by repeatedly feeling compassionate; etc.

The brain is like a VCR or DVR, not an iPod: you must play the song to record it - you must experience the strength to install it in your brain.
Cultivation in Context

Three ways to engage the mind:
- Be with it. Decrease negative. Increase positive.
- Let be. Let go. Let in.

Mindfulness present in all three ways to engage mind

While “being with” is primary, it’s often isolated and privileged in mindfulness-based practices.

Skillful means for decreasing the negative and increasing the positive have developed over 2500 years. Why not use them?
Join us for **Cultivating Inner Strength - Monastic Daylong [Dana - No Fee Day]**
with Ayya Anandabodhi and Ayya Santacitta
on **Sunday, July 8**
from 9:30 am - 5 pm.

(Photo by Ed Ritger)
The Evolving Brain
Evolutionary History

The Triune Brain - (P. MacLean 1990)
Three Motivational and Self-Regulatory Systems

- **Avoid Harms:**
  - Predators, natural hazards, aggression, pain
  - Primary need, tends to trump all others

- **Approach Rewards:**
  - Food, shelter, mating, pleasure
  - Mammals: rich emotions and sustained pursuit

- **Attach to Others:**
  - Bonding, language, empathy, cooperation, love
  - Taps older Avoiding and Approaching networks

Each system can draw on the other two for its ends.
"With all due respects, I find your disparaging remarks about the 'reptilian brain' unnecessary"
The Homeostatic Home Base

When not disturbed by threat, loss, or rejection [no felt deficit of safety, satisfaction, and connection]

The body defaults to a sustainable equilibrium of refueling, repairing, and pleasant abiding.
The mind defaults to a sustainable equilibrium of:

- **Peace** (the Avoiding system)
- **Contentment** (the Approaching system)
- **Love** (the Attaching system)

This is the brain in its homeostatic **Responsive, minimal craving** mode.
The Responsive Mode

- Avoid
- Peace
- Approach

Wisdom
Contentment

Love
Attach

Happiness
Coming Home, Staying Home

Positive experiences of core needs met - the felt sense of safety, satisfaction, and connection - activate Responsive mode.

Activated Responsive states can become installed Responsive traits. Responsive traits foster Responsive states.

Responsive states and traits enable us to stay Responsive with challenges.
Neurobiological Basis of Craving

When disturbed by threat, loss, or rejection [felt deficit of safety, satisfaction, or connection]:

The body fires up into the stress response; outputs exceed inputs; long-term building is deferred.

The mind fires up into:
- **Fear** (the Avoiding system)
- **Frustration** (the Approaching system)
- **Heartache** (the Attaching system)

This is the brain in allostatic, **Reactive, craving** mode.
The Reactive Mode

Diagram:
- Avoid
- Hatred
- Approach
- Greed
- Ignorance
- Suffering
- Heartache
- Attach
Reactive Dysfunctions in Each System

- **Avoid** - Anxiety disorders; OCD; PTSD; panic, terror; rage; violence

- **Approach** - Addiction; over-drinking, -eating, -gambling; hoarding; driving for goals at great cost

- **Attach** - Borderline, narcissistic, antisocial PD; “looking for love in all the wrong places”
Choices . . .

Or?

Reactive Mode

Responsive Mode
The Negativity Bias
The Brain’s Negativity Bias

- As our ancestors evolved, avoiding “sticks” was more important for survival than getting “carrots.”

- Negative stimuli:
  - More attention and processing
  - Greater motivational focus: loss aversion

- Preferential encoding in implicit memory:
  - We learn faster from pain than pleasure.
  - Negative interactions: more impactful than positive
  - Easy to create learned helplessness, hard to undo
  - Rapid sensitization to negative through cortisol
Velcro for Bad, Teflon for Good

The negativity bias

bad experiences

good experiences
A Bottleneck
For Growing Inner Strengths

Unfortunately, the brain is inefficient at turning positive experiences into neural structure.

This design feature of the brain creates a kind of bottleneck that reduces the conversion of positive mental states to positive neural traits.

Most positive experiences are wasted on the brain.

This is the fundamental weakness in psychotherapy, mindfulness training, character education, human resources training, and informal efforts at growth.
The Negativity Bias
Stone age brains in the 21st century
We can deliberately use the mind to change the brain for the better.
Taking in the Good
Just **having** positive experiences is not enough.

They pass through the brain like water through a sieve, while negative experiences are caught.

We need to engage positive experiences actively to weave them into the brain.
Learning to Take in the Good
HEAL by Taking in the Good

1. **Have** a positive experience. Notice it or create it.

2. **Enrich** the experience through duration, intensity, multimodality, novelty, personal relevance

3. **Absorb** the experience by intending and sensing that it is sinking into you as you sink into it.

4. **Link** positive and negative material. [optional]
Let’s Try It

- **Notice** the experience already present in awareness that you are alright right now
  - Have the experience
  - Enrich it
  - Absorb it

- **Create** the experience of compassion
  - Have the experience - bring to mind someone you care about . . . Feel caring . . . Wish that he or she not suffer . . . Open to compassion
  - Enrich it
  - Absorb it
It’s Good to Take in the Good

- Development of specific inner strengths
  - General - resilience, positive mood, feeling loved
  - “Antidote experiences” - Healing old wounds, filling the hole in the heart

- Implicit benefits:
  - Shows that there is still good in the world
  - Being active rather than passive
  - Treating yourself kindly, like you matter
  - Rights an unfair imbalance, given the negativity bias
  - Training of attention and executive functions

- Sensitizes brain to positive: like Velcro for good
Keep a green bough in your heart,  
and a singing bird will come.  

Lao Tsu
Targets of TG

- **Thoughts** - expectations; object relations; perspectives on self, world, past and future

- **Perceptions** - sensations; relaxation; vitality

- **Emotions** - both feelings and mood

- **Desires** - values, aspirations, passions, wants

- **Behaviors** - reportoire; inclinations
Some Types of Resource Experiences

Avoiding Harms
- Feeling basically alright right now
- Feeling protected, strong, safe, at peace
- The sense that awareness itself is untroubled

Approaching Rewards
- Feeling basically full, the enoughness in this moment as it is
- Feeling pleasured, glad, grateful, satisfied
- Therapeutic, spiritual, or existential realizations

Attaching to Others
- Feeling basically connected
- Feeling included, seen, liked, appreciated, loved
- Feeling compassionate, kind, generous, loving
Pet the Lizard
Feed the Mouse
Hug the Monkey
“Bahiya, you should train yourself thus.”

In reference to the seen, there will be only the seen. To the heard, only the heard. To the sensed, only the sensed. To the cognized, only the cognized.

When for you there will be only the seen in the seen, only the heard in the heard, only the sensed in the sensed, only the cognized in the cognized, then, Bahiya, there’s no you in that.

When there’s no you in that, there’s no you there. When there’s no you there, you are neither here nor yonder nor between the two.

This, just this, is the end of all suffering.

The Buddha
The Four Ways to Offer a Method

- Doing it implicitly
- Teaching it and then leaving it up to the person
- Doing it explicitly with the person
- Asking the person to do it on his or her own
Synergies of TG and Mindfulness

- Improved mindfulness enhances TG.
- TG increases general resources for mindfulness (e.g., heighten the bodily calming that supports stable attention).
- TG increases specific factors of mindfulness (e.g., self-acceptance, self-compassion, tolerance of negative affect).
- TG heightens internalization of key mindfulness experiences:
  - The sense of stable mindfulness itself
  - Confidence that awareness itself is not in pain, upset, etc.
  - Presence of supportive others (e.g., meditation groups)
  - Peacefulness of realizing that experiences come and go
TG and Children

- All kids benefit from TG.

- Particular benefits for mistreated, anxious, spirited/ADHD, or LD children.

- Adaptations:
  - Brief
  - Concrete
  - Natural occasions (e.g., bedtimes)
Healing Old Pain
Using Memory Mechanisms to Help Heal Painful Experiences

- The machinery of memory:
  - When explicit or implicit memory is reactivated, it is rebuilt from schematic elements, not retrieved *in toto*.
  - When attention moves on, the memory gets reconsolidated.

- The open processes of memory reactivation and reconsolidation create a window of opportunity for shaping your internal world.

- Reactivated material associates with other things in awareness, especially if they are prominent and lasting.

- When memory returns to storage, it takes associations with it.

- You can imbue memory with positive associations.
The Fourth Step of TG

- When you are having a positive experience:
  - Sense the current positive experience sinking down into old pain, and soothing and replacing it.

- When you are having a negative experience:
  - Bring to mind a positive experience that is its antidote.

- In both cases, have the positive experience be big and strong, in the forefront of awareness, while the negative experience is small and in the background.

- You are not resisting negative experiences or getting attached to positive ones. You are being kind to yourself and cultivating positive resources in your mind.
Psychological Antidotes

**Avoiding Harms**
- Strength, efficacy --> Weakness, helplessness, pessimism
- Safety, security --> Alarm, anxiety
- Compassion for oneself and others --> Resentment, anger

**Approaching Rewards**
- Satisfaction, fulfillment --> Frustration, disappointment
- Gladness, gratitude --> Sadness, discontentment, “blues”

**Attaching to Others**
- Attunement, inclusion --> Not seen, rejected, left out
- Recognition, acknowledgement --> Inadequacy, shame
- Friendship, love --> Abandonment, feeling unloved or unlovable
The Tip of the Root

- For the fourth step of TG, try to get at the youngest, most vulnerable layer of painful material.

- The “tip of the root” is commonly in childhood. In general, the brain is most responsive to negative experiences in early childhood.

- Prerequisites
  - Understanding the need to get at younger layers
  - Compassion and support for the inner child
  - Capacity to “presence” young material without flooding
Cultivation and Craving
Choices . . .

Or?

Reactives Mode

Responsive Mode
All life has goals. The brain continually seeks to avoid harms, approach rewards, and attach to others - even that of a Buddha.

It is wholesome to wish for the happiness, welfare, and awakening of all beings - including the one with your nametag.

We rest the mind upon positive states so that the brain may gradually take their shape. This disentangles us from craving as we increasingly rest in a peace, happiness, and love that is independent of external conditions.

With time, even the practice of cultivation falls away - like a raft that is no longer needed once we reach the farther shore.
A Fifth Yana?

The “Buddhastream” has developed through four major vehicles (*yanas*): Theravadan, Tibetan, Chan/Zen, and Pure Land.

Could we be helping develop an emergent Fifth Yana, with:

- Many householders engaging deep contemplative practice
- Multiculturalism as both a reality and a value
- Access to and eclectic use of the full array of Buddhist teachings
- Flattening hierarchies
- Naturalizing dharma practice; using science and psychology
- Skillful use of positive experiences; “Western tantra”
- Deconstructing and applying Buddhist practices in non-Buddhist settings (e.g., pain-control clinics, schools, psychotherapy)
Heartwood

This spiritual life does not have gain, honor, and renown for its benefit, or the attainment of moral discipline for its benefit, or the attainment of concentration for its benefit, or knowledge and vision for its benefit.

But it is this unshakable liberation of mind that is the goal of this spiritual life, its heartwood, and its end.

The Buddha
The Fruit as the Path

Peace

Contentment

Love
Think not lightly of good, saying, "It will not come to me."

Drop by drop is the water pot filled.

Likewise, the wise one, gathering it little by little, fills oneself with good.

Dhammapada 9.122
Thank you
Great Books

See www.RickHanson.net for other great books.

Key Papers - 1

See [www.RickHanson.net](http://www.RickHanson.net) for other scientific papers.


Hanson, R. 2008. Seven facts about the brain that incline the mind to joy. In *Measuring the immeasurable: The scientific case for spirituality*. Sounds True.


Key Papers - 4


Where to Find Rick Hanson Online

Hardwiring Happiness: The New Brain Science of Contentment, Calm, and Confidence

www.rickhanson.net/hardwiringhappiness

Personal website: www.rickhanson.net

Wellspring Institute: www.wisebrain.org

youtube.com/drrhanson  facebook.com/rickhansonphd